

The Rutherford Star.

"BE SURE YOU ARE RIGHT AND THEN GO AHEAD."—DAVY CROCKETT.

VOL. VI.

RUTHERFORDTON, N. C., MARCH 30, 1872.

{NEW SERIES.} NO. 19.

Professional Cards.

DR. J. L. RUCKER,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Grateful for the liberal patronage hereto
fore received, hopes by prompt attention to
all calls, to merit a continuance of the same.
12—y

CHURCHILL & WHITEHEAD,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
RUTHERFORDTON, N. C.
Will practice in all the Courts of Western
North Carolina, in the Supreme Courts of the
State and in the District, Circuit and Supreme
Courts of the United States. 61f

LOGAN & JUSTICE,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
RUTHERFORDTON, N. C.
Will give prompt attention to all business
entrusted to their care.
Particular attention given to collections in
both Superior and Justice Courts. 31y

J. L. CARSON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
RUTHERFORDTON, N. C.
Collections made in any part of the State
if possible. 61f

M. H. JUSTICE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
RUTHERFORDTON, N. C.
Claims collected in all parts of the State. 61f

J. B. CARPENTER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
RUTHERFORDTON, N. C.
Collections promptly attended to. 31y

DR. J. W. HARRIS,
WILL GIVE PROMPT ATTENTION
to all Professional calls, and hopes to
merit a continuance of his long established
practice.
Has constantly on hand a fine supply
of Pure Drugs, at his office in Rutherford-
ton.

Miscellaneous Cards.

GIVE ME A CALL!
Burnett's Hotel.
With a well supplied table, attentive ser-
vants, and good stables, I will try to merit a
continuance of the patronage so liberally ex-
tended to me in time past.
1013—1y C. BURNETT.

BLACKSMITHING.
MR. BRADLEY DALTON
would inform his old friends and customers,
that he is going to leave, and will be glad to
have them call at his shop on the branch,
South of the Jail, where he is prepared to do
all kinds of work, in his line, in a superior
and workmanlike manner.
Country produce taken in exchange, for
work. 19tf

EXCHANGE HOTEL,
Cor. 3d St. and Penn. Avenue,
WASHINGTON, D. C.
This House, formerly known as the St.
Charles, has been thoroughly renovated, en-
larged, and furnished throughout with en-
tirely new furniture, and is now open for the
accommodation of the traveling public.
Those desiring comfortable city quarters at
reasonable rates, are respectfully invited to
give the EXCHANGE, convenient to street
cars and all the City Depots, a trial.
ALEX. H. JOHNS,
Proprietor.

VILLAGE HOTEL,
J. W. GREEN, Proprietor,
RUTHERFORDTON, N. C.
In opening this old and favorably known
House, the Proprietor would respectfully so-
licit a share of public patronage, promising to
use every endeavor to make his guests com-
fortable.
His table will be supplied with the best
market affords, and with attentive ser-
vants. He intends to try and satisfy the most
fastidious. Give him a call. 31tf

FLEMING HOUSE, Marion, N. C.
This new and well furnished House is now
open for the reception of guests, and persons
visiting Marion will find it to their interest
to give it a call. ns—1—tf

WM. LOWZER, J. O. WHITE,
MANSON HOTEL, Salisbury, N. C.
Own bus free of charge. Prices made to
suit the times.
Good stables connected with the
house for the accommodation of those travel-
ing by private conveyance. ns—1—tf

RAILROAD DIRECTORY.

**WILMINGTON, CHARLOTTE AND
RUTHERFORD RAILROAD.**
Passenger Trains over this Road run as
follows:

Leave Charlotte, Tuesday's, Thurs-
day's and Saturday's, 8.30 a. m.
Arrive at Cherryville, same day's 12 m.
Leave Cherryville, same day's at 1 p. m.
Arrive at Charlotte, same day's 5.30 p. m.

NORTH CAROLINA RAILROAD.
Passenger Trains over this Road arrive at,
and leave Charlotte, as follows:

Leave, going east, at 8.00 p. m.
Arrive, coming west, at 7.30 a. m.
Leave, going east, at 3.35 a. m.
Arrive, coming west, at 7.55 p. m.

**WESTERN NORTH CAROLINA
RAILROAD.**
Passenger Trains on this Road run as fol-
lows:

Leave Salisbury, at 5.00 a. m.
Arrive at Marion, 12.41 p. m.
Arrive at Old Fort, 1.32 p. m.
Leave Old Fort, 7.15 a. m.
Leave Marion, at 8.04 a. m.
Arrive at Salisbury, 3.32 p. m.

**CHARLOTTE, COLUMBIA AND
ALBANY RAILROAD.**
Passenger Trains over this Road arrive at,
and leave Charlotte, as follows:

Arrive at Charlotte, 7.30 p. m.
Leave Charlotte at 8.50 a. m.
Arrive at Charlotte, 5.30 a. m.
Leave Charlotte at 8.10 p. m.

THANK GOD FOR LITTLE CHILDREN.

Thank God for little children,
Bright flowers by earth's wayside,
The dancing, joyous lifeboats
Upon life's stormy tide.

Thank God for little children;
When our skies are cold and gray,
They come as sunshine to our hearts,
And charm our cares away.

I almost think the angels,
Who tend life's garden fair,
Drop down the sweet wild blossoms
That bloom around us here.

It seems a breath of heaven
Round many a cradle lies,
And every little baby
Brings a message from the skies.

The humblest home with children
Is rich in precious gems,
That shame the wealth of monarchs,
And pale their diadems.

Dear mothers, guard these jewels,
As sacred offerings meet,
A wealth of household treasures
To lay at Jesus' feet.

From the Asheville Pioneer.

THE ERA vs. THE UNIVERS- SITY.

RALEIGH, N. C., March 15, 1872.

Editor of the Pioneer:

When the *Standard*, that sterling
Republican journal, was dis-
continued more than eighteen
months ago, Republicans through-
out the entire State saw and felt
the absolute necessity of establish-
ing a Republican organ at Ral-
eigh, to take the place of the
Standard and to which they could
look with confidence for instruc-
tions in the creed of their faith,
and also have the courage to de-
fend not only themselves, but
their principles, when assailed by
the Kuklux Democracy.

When the *Era* made its appear-
ance in the political arena last
summer, Republicans from all
of the State looked forward with
a satisfied belief that they now
had what had long been wished
for—a Republican organ at the
Capital of the State, and what had
been lost by the demise of the
Standard would be reinstated by
the *Era*. For a time the *Era* ful-
filled the most sanguine expecta-
tions of its friends, and was all
they could wish, a loyal, fearless,
outspoken Republican journal,
that called things by their right
names; in fact, a live Republican
paper, that bid fair, as we all
thought, to be a substantial Re-
publican paper, up to the demand
of the party and the requirements
of the times. But the hopes and
expectations of the friends of the
Era were doomed to meet with a
sad disappointment. Instead of
being the bold, fearless, outspok-
en paper that it was expected to
be, the true exponent of the Re-
publican party in North Carolina,
the supporter and advocate of Re-
publicans and Republican institu-
tions in the State. The *Era*, un-
der its present management, may
be said to be the reverse of all this
to the mortification of Republi-
cans in the State. This is an as-
sertion that every true Republican
in North Carolina will sustain me
in. Go where you will in the
State, from the mountains to the
seaboard, and you will hear the
same expressions of disapproval re-
garding the tone, sentiments, and
management of the *Era*; and,
indeed, it is not to be wondered
at, when we consider who is re-
sponsible for the utterances of the
utterances of the paper. It is a
notorious fact—not easily account-
ed for—that the editor comes
fresh from the columns of Demo-
cratic journal, declaring upon the
very day upon which he assumed
control of the editorial columns
of the *Era*, that he surrendered
no principle.

That the editor made no sur-
render of his Democratic procliv-
ities, is verified from the fact that
he has never allowed an oppor-
tunity to stigmatize the Republi-
can party or its adherents escape
since his engagement with the
Era Publishing Company. In
every contest between Republi-

cans and Democrats, the *Era* has
found some pretext to espouse the
cause of the latter. In the con-
test between Henderson and
Leach, the *Era* was on the side of
Leach. In the contest between
Logan and the Kuklux, the *Era*
was on the side of the latter and
against the former. But the
feather that broke the camel's
back, and the most shameful derel-
iction of duty that has yet dis-
graced the columns of the *Era*, is
the unprovoked attack upon Sen-
ator Pool and the position advo-
cated in the article addressed "To
the University Trustees," which
appeared in the columns of the
Era of the 12th inst. If Senator
Pool wrote the communication
over which the *Era* raises such a
hue and cry, I am certain he did
just what every thinking Republi-
can in the State ought to en-
dorse. The *Era* thinks otherwise.
Not at all surprising; it is perfect-
ly natural for one to desire the
success of his friends and the
downfall of his enemies.

The *Era* thinks, and so says in
the article referred to, that the
Republicans ought to surrender
the University into the hands of
the Democrats, acknowledge their
inability to take care of themselves
or their institutions, let the evils
result to the Republican party,
be what they may; and because
Senator Pool chances to be in
Washington City, it is more than
he dare do to advise the Univer-
sity trustees not to do so; or, see-
ing the evil which would most
certainly result if such a proposi-
tion was carried out, dared raise
his voice to prevent the consum-
mation of the scheme, he does so
at the risk of incurring the great
displeasure of that patron Saint
in the *Era* office, who arrogates
to himself the special, self-consti-
tuted guardianship of the Republi-
can party in North Carolina.
The editor of the *Era* is advised
that he had better learn the posi-
tion of a soldier before he under-
takes to drill regulars. Follow
the advice of the *Era*, and one by
one we will see the outposts of the
Republican party fall into hands
of the Kuklux. Surrender the
University now, and ere long the
Era will call upon the Republi-
can party to surrender another
position, and we may expect be-
fore the close of the summer
campaign to have the enemy
besieging the citadel itself, and
see the editor of the *Era* mounted
upon the ramparts crying out to
the faithful defenders thereof, to
surrender the last strong hold in
the State into the hands of the
enemy.

"Coming events cast their
shadows before them," and if the
past is to be taken as an index to
the future, I think I may safely
predict such a course for the *Era*.
Such has been its course. "Sur-
render" has been the watchword
of the paper for the last six
months. Such is the shameful
and puerile position assumed by
the *Era* in the article on the Uni-
versity, and Republicans, through
the imbecility of its editor, have
to submit to the painful humili-
ation of seeing it asserted in the
columns of their own organ, and
exultingly blurted forth in the
columns of every Kuklux journal
throughout the State, that they
are not capable of managing their
own affairs. Shame! shame on
such party pride! Since the ap-
pearance of the article in ques-
tion, I have had the pleasure of
seeing and conversing with many
of the Trustees of the University,
who have expressed their utter
disgust of the attempt to surren-
der the University into the hands
of the Democrats, and avowed
their determination not to resign,
the *Era* to the contrary notwith-
standing.

There is a time when forbear-
ance ceases to be a virtue, and
that time has now come with the
friends of the *Era*. They cannot
in justice to themselves bear with
its follies any longer. Self-
preservation is the first law of na-
ture, and from this fact alone, if
no other, Republicans owe it to

themselves to enter their protest
against the present management
of the *Era*. The Republicans
will hold the company responsible
for the results of its management
upon the party. Judging from
the signs of the times, the mar-
shaling of the hosts in the dens of
the Kuklux, the magnitude of the
preparations going on in the
camps of the enemy generally, I
think I may safely predict that
the approaching campaign, in
August next, will be one of the
hottest and fiercest political con-
tests ever fought on the soil of
North Carolina. If the Republi-
can party copes successfully with
the Kuklux organization in the
State, they may expect to do so
by a harmonious concert of action
of all its available resources, by a
vigorous war upon the enemy,
and not by the sickening, coward-
ly policy advocated by the *Era*,
of surrendering everything as
soon as demanded. This surren-
der policy was tried in 1870, and
we have the results. We gave
quarters then and received none
in return.

Republicans had as well look
facts squarely in the face, that
the approaching campaign is to
be fought, won or lost, upon the
policy of "war to the knife," and
that if beaten in the contest they
may expect no quarters at the
hands of the Kuklux. Then in
the name of common sense why is
the *Era* advocating a surrender of
our outposts and making war
upon our friends? It is unjust,
as it is unwise, and in behalf of
the Republican party of North
Carolina, protest against it, and
call upon the *Era* Publishing
Company to know whether the
Era is to be run in the interest of
the Democratic or Republican
party, and if in the interest of the
latter, to show your faith by your
works.

Senator Pool needs no vindica-
tion. His record as a true and
tried Republican vindicates itself.
When the Kuklux were running
riot over North Carolina and bid-
ding defiance to law and order,
when, by a preconceived conspir-
acy against the lives and liberties
of the humble Republicans of the
State, they bid fair to wipe out
the last vestige of Republican lib-
erty not only in North Carolina,
but throughout the entire South,
when the bleeding backs of a
scourged Republicans appealed in
vain to the local authorities for
protection—when murder was
common in the land—when in-
nocence stole away into the re-
cesses of the night to protect
her virtue from the ravages of the
disguised mob—when the lurid
glare of burning churches and
school houses lit up the sky
from all quarters of the State—
"when bloody treason flashed
over us"—and when the stout-
est hearts among us grew faint
in the contemplation of the fu-
ture peace and prosperity of North
Carolina, Senator Pool came for-
ward like a statesman, and by
his energy and boldness, beard-
ed the lion in his den, staid the
onward wave of oppression and
crime and rescued our beloved
State from anarchy and ruin.
God bless Senator Pool; to which
a hundred thousand loyal lips in
North Carolina will say, Amen!

WAKE.
From the Pioneer.
MR. EDITOR:—While others
are proposing candidates for Gov-
ernor in the coming election, al-
low me to suggest the name of
Hon. Geo. W. Logan, of Ruther-
ford. He deserves the nomina-
tion at the hands of the Republi-
can party. He is in every way
fitted to fill the office, and the
great mass of Republican voters
in North Carolina would prefer
him to any one else.

With Judge Logan in the Gov-
ernor's Chair, corrupt rings and
Kuklux murderers would have
to be low.
BLUE RIDGE.

It is said there is danger of the
extinction of elephants, the hunters
are killing them off so fast.

THE TARIFF QUESTION.

The importers of foreign mer-
chandise and the manufacturers
of domestic wares, are about to
engage in their annual tournament
upon the Tariff Question.
Upon questions of detail they are
as far apart as the poles, but upon
one point there is mutual agree-
ment:—viz: that the question
must be discussed from purely
theoretical scientific standpoint,
which so thoroughly obscures the
question, that it leaves the door
open to make the actual tariff, a
vehicle for fraud upon the public
on both sides. Since no sane
man in the United States is in fa-
vor of shutting up our Custom
Houses on the one hand, nor fa-
vors a tariff amounting to prohibi-
tion on the other, the question
of absolute Free Trade vs. Protec-
tion, as generally discussed, has
no applicability whatever to the
tariff laws of the United States.

What is the tariff? A mode of
taxation. There are three modes
of taxation known to civilized
countries; Direct taxation upon
the real estate and personal prop-
erty; income tax, license and
stamp duties, generally known as
Internal Revenue tax; and a levy
taxes upon imported goods, gen-
erally called the Tariff or Customs
tax.

Inasmuch as the Constitution
of the United States provides that
direct taxation and representation
shall be equal, which means that
each Representative District shall
pay an equal amount; direct tax-
ation becomes impossible without
first amending the Constitution.
If, for instance, the three hundred
million of dollars necessary to de-
fray expense of the Govern-
ment were apportioned among
three hundred representative Dis-
tricts, the richest Districts of New
York or Rhode Island would pay
no more than the agricultural Dis-
tricts of Iowa or Kansas, which if
sold by sheriff sale, reality and all,
would not bring more than a three
years tax.

The next mode of taxation is
the Internal Revenue system.
This system sprung from the
necessities of the late war and
ought to die with it. We believe
that there is scarcely a difference
of opinion but that this unpopu-
lar method of taxation, with its
swarms of officials and its great
expense, should be circumscribed,
and finally abandoned as soon as
practicable.

We now come to the Tariff
mode of taxation. This mode
of taxation. This mode has been
found cheaper and more conven-
ient than all others. All civilized
countries have it. England, Ger-
many, France, Austria and Prus-
sia derive about fifty per cent of
their income from this source.
Up to the breaking out of the re-
bellion the entire expenses of the
Federal Government were de-
frayed by it, and we hope within
ten years the income derived from
this source will again be sufficient.

One of the chief advantages of
this mode of taxation is that those
who are not largely consumers of
imported goods escape taxes alto-
gether. A lady who purchases a
silk dress worth \$100 pays 60 per
cent ad valorem, which is a large
sum than an entire family
pays per year, if its members
wear muslins and cotton garment.

Since then, the tariff is not
only a necessary, but even the
best mode of taxation yet devised,
the only remaining question is
upon what articles and in what
manner shall it be assessed.

The absolute Free Traders
claim that the tax shall be levied
only upon articles which are not
produced in the United States.
What are these articles? Coffee,
Tea, Silks, Fine Wines, and a
few other articles of luxury are
all that are not produced in the
United States. Of course three
hundred millions of dollars can-
not be levied upon these articles
alone—besides general custom
has made coffee and tea articles
of necessity to the humble fami-
lies in the land, and therefore this

would be a special tax upon the
poor. When during the war, a
high tax was levied upon coffee,
the national health suffered greatly
from the vile and injurious sub-
stitutes that were so universally
in use.

If, then, a tariff tax must be
levied upon articles that can be
within the United States; and the
tariff tax becomes incidental pro-
tection against foreign competi-
tion, upon what principles is it to
be adjusted? To a very great
extent this is a question of detail,
each article standing partly by
itself, and partly by its class.
Members of Congress must there-
fore be watched individually,
whether they favor jobs and pri-
vate interests at the public
expense.

A bill has already been prepared
at the Treasury Department un-
der the careful supervision of Sec-
retary Boutwell, which embodies
many very great reforms, and
which ought to receive the cordial
support of all sections of the
Republican party.

There are invested in the
various branches of manufactures
—in iron, lumber, woolen and
cottons—at least one thousand
millions of dollars. No less than
two millions of inhabitants are
directly supported by these inter-
ests. To strike these down by a
sudden change of duty, in obedi-
ence to any abstract theory and thus
bring misery and distress to mil-
lions of home would be about as
statesman-like as a decree that
all frame and log houses should
be destroyed in mid-winter upon
the supposition that brick and
stone are the most durable and
economical materials.

The principles upon which the
reform tariff is based, and applied
from year to year with increasing
vigilance, are adequate to give us the
best possible tariff tax.

First. To tax raw products
and articles of necessity as lightly
as possible.

Second. To place on the free
list all articles like drugs, spices,
&c. that yield but a small revenue
respectively, because the expense
of collection is greater than the
benefits derived from the tax.

Third. To levy a specific tax
per yard, or per pound, as far as
practicable, because the ad valorem
system leads necessarily and fraud-
ulently to a premium held out
to the unscrupulous man to
become rich both at the expense
of the government and of his
competitors in trade.

And lastly. To tax articles of
luxury and highly skilled manu-
factures, as much as they can
bear, because it is against public
policy to import largely the former,
and because we ought to build up
enterprises requiring skilled labor
within our own country.

If the public press will support
the tariff act, virtually prepared
by Secretary Boutwell, all interests
and classes will be benefited; but
particularly the laboring man,
because care has been taken to
cheapen these articles which he
consumes, while the general policy
of the act keeps his wages at
present rates. In other words,
the purchasing capacity of his
daily labor is augmented at least
ten per cent.

Whenever the tariff is discussed
from a purely business point of
view, there will be but little
difference in principle, and details,
must be adjusted as they arise, and
cannot be settled by resolutions
in town caucus.

The heart is the workshop in
which are forged secret slanders,
and all evil speaking. The mouth
is only the outer soap or sales-
room, where all the goods that are
made within are sold. The tongue
is the salesman.

Fond mother with a son of a very
open countenance—"He's a pretty
good boy, but don't take to his let-
ters."

A Yankee girl, whose wooing and
winning by a Nevada man had been
accomplished by mail, rejected him
on his appearance because he was
"such a little speck of a fellow."

THE STAR.

R. W. LOGAN. A. D. K. WALLACE.
LOGAN & WALLACE,
EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

RUTHERFORDTON, N. C.

SATURDAY, MARCH 30, 1872.

A REQUEST.

The undersigned requests that a list of the delegates appointed to the State Convention, be forwarded to him at the earliest possible moment. It will facilitate business very much. A list of the County Executive Committees appointed by the County Conventions should be forwarded also. Republicans will please take notice of our request and act accordingly.

Republican papers will please copy and keep this notice standing until the 17th day of April.

J. C. L. HARRIS,

Sec. Rep. State Ex. Com.

Raleigh, N. C., March 1, 1872.

THE CLAIMS OF THE WEST.

We give below an article from the Asheville Pioneer of the 21st, instant under the above head, and we fully endorse, with one very important exception, the wise and timely stand taken by our worthy cotemporary. We are glad to see that the Pioneer is worked up to defend and advocate the political, as well as sectional rights and interests of the West.

We have contended for these rights from the beginning, and have all the time insisted that our section of the State was not treated properly by our Eastern friends. We have been ignored in many very important things, and particularly political rights; but who are we to blame for being ignored. Not our Eastern friends altogether, but ourselves, for not demanding our rights and standing up for them. We have been too passive on this point. We have always been too willing to help those who showed a disposition not to help us, but to claim everything for themselves. We agree with the Pioneer, that we have certain rights and claims that should not be ignored, and we are ready to defend "the claims of the West" against any and all who may be disposed to trample upon them; at the same time, we think that those men living in the West, and claiming to be western men, and who are always so ready to join with other sections of the State in ignoring the interests of the West, deserve some attention, and for ourselves, we emphatically say, we will not support any such men.

We disagree with our neighbor in this particular. He confines himself to that section "west of the Blue Ridge;" we do not think that Western North Carolina is included in that scope. We claim to be, and we think we are in the West, and we don't like to be left out in the cold like our neighbor has left us. We think this Congressional district at least should be included in the West. Our interests are the same, and we think our rights ought to be the same.

We are not disposed to make any fuss about this, but we would remind our friends "west of the Blue Ridge," that they have had the member of Congress, and all the advantages arising therefrom every since the surrender, and we have quietly submitted. Now we say, let the West be united, and work together for the good of the West, and we will be satisfied, otherwise we make no promises. The Pioneer says:

THE CLAIMS OF THE WEST.

The State Convention is soon to be convened at Raleigh, and we observe a manifest disposition on the part of our Eastern friends to treat the West as heretofore. By the manipulations of those gentlemen, the benefits, which should be equally shared by both sections,

are turned into an advantage for Eastern aspirants for office. The treatment received by the West from the East forbodes serious results. The West cannot submit much longer to the dominating spirit of those in the East, whose justice and magnanimity should proffer assistance where their cupidity and supreme selfishness wrong us. It were as well to remark here that this paper has always advocated harmony on these sectional questions; indeed, our friends have often complained of our severity and submission. If we are correctly informed as to our person and purpose, we think we can safely say that we have heretofore, and will hereafter, go as far as policy dictates or necessity urges to maintain perfect accord in our party. But it cannot be expected that Western men will so far forget what is due to their self-respect and their manhood as to tamely submit to every ostracism shown them and every wrong practised upon their locality. Since the organization of the State, it has been the practice of all parties in power to ignore the counties west of the Blue Ridge, and treat them as a mere appendix to the State Government, and aid to the party in office, without the advantages arising from a fair division of the benefits. It is an indisputable fact—one that no pretext can justify or sophistry explain away—that, with the exception of a few inconsiderable and, entirely local offices over which the East had no control, in the distribution of honors and emoluments which pertain to public service the West has ever been utterly ignored, our opulent and insatiable brethren on the other side of the hill invariably making wholesale appropriations of everything from which pecuniary benefit, personal aggrandizement, or sectional advantage might arise. As in individual cases, so it is with sections and communities which submit uncomplainingly to repetitions of wrong, until their oppressors, inured and callous, insist upon their perpetration as a right.

We hoped better things of our party when it came the front in 1868, and though we had no representation on the State ticket, our people made no complaint and quietly submitted to the election of both Senators from the coast counties. In discussing this subject with prominent men—aspirants to office, but short-lived Republicans—we have been told that "the West was no account; its taxations of no value, and its claims to preferment and benefits not to be respected." It is high time such ingenuous sentiments and still more unjust practices ceased; they have been carried to an extreme that is down-right insulting, and as the representative organ of the counties west of the Blue Ridge we say plainly that it will no longer be tolerated. We have rights in Western Carolina, and we must assert and defend them. If these gentlemen of the East, professed party friends, (and whose devotion to principle and party we do not for a moment doubt) believe us worthless and our struggle in the West easy, let them come among us awhile and they will soon find that a Republican ascendancy in a county West, based upon the equal rights of the colored man and exact justice to all, is a strife hard to encounter and difficult to maintain. It is useless now for gentlemen to extenuate this matter. We will not dawn at your bidding longer. It is becoming a serious question, and may thrust itself into the campaign. It is worth the careful consideration of those who do the wire-pulling to know how much further it can be strained, under delusive appeals for harmony, and the West still imposed upon.

Above all things, we desire harmony, brotherhood, and concord in the party. Our interests are mutual, but we do not want the mutuality all on one side. Let us live and let live. In the coming campaign, whose great shadow is already athwart our pathway, we will need all our energies for concerted action. Personal objections which do not involve self-abasement, pride of section and locality, must be subdued to the discussion of the great issues upon which we are entering. But we say now, and we desire, not to be misunderstood in so saying, that we will give a cheerful support only to the nominees of the party whose hands are clean of this injustice to the West. We hope we are not misunderstood;

we beg not to be mistaken or misjudged, but that for the interest of the great Republican party we may be heard and our section and people appreciated.

HANES WITHDRAWS.

We notice a card from Mr. Hanes in the Era of the 26th instant, announcing his withdrawal from the editorial management of that paper. This is as it should be; in fact it is unfortunate, both for Mr. Hanes and the Republican party, that he ever undertook to edit and manage a paper that was intended to be the organ of this great party in North Carolina. When Mr. Hanes took control of the Era, he was fresh from the Democratic party, and entered upon his duties as editor of the Era under the protest and disapproval of a large number of the most prominent Republicans of the State. His course as editor of the Era, from the beginning, has been such as to meet the disapproval of a large portion of the Republican party, and therefore has had an unwholesome influence upon the prospects of the party. Looking at the effect his course was having upon the party, Mr. Hanes has very wisely severed his connection with the Era. Some might think that by the withdrawal of Mr. Hanes, the difficulty is overcome and the wounds healed, but this is not the case. Mr. Hanes is not wholly responsible for all that has been done, and it is not to him only that the course of the Era is attributed. Many Republicans were dissatisfied with Mr. Hanes' editorial course, but they were no less dissatisfied with certain other parties who placed him in control of the paper against the wishes and interests of the party, and supported and encouraged him in his course. These are things that will not be easily forgotten by many Republicans of influence in the State, and although all the blame will be charged to Mr. Hanes, they know that there are others, prominent Republicans, equally responsible with him.

We hope that the withdrawal of Mr. Hanes is not too late to do good, and we also hope that those Republicans who encouraged and supported the policy of the Era under his control, and who we suppose have seen as well as Mr. Hanes how the party was being effected, will learn a lesson by their experience in the matter, and act more wisely in the future. We wish Mr. Hanes success in whatever may be his future occupation, the following is his

ANNOUNCEMENT.

"With this issue my editorial connection with the Era ceases, after a continuance of six months. Finding that my manner of conducting the paper, and my views of policy in several particulars, did not meet with the approval of a large portion of the party, my situation became unpleasant. I therefore proposed to Col. Carrow certain terms, on which I was willing to dissolve the business contract which I had made with the Era Publishing Company. These terms were accepted by Col. Carrow, who throughout has acted with the highest degree of honor and generosity. In retiring from the Era I do not cease to be a Republican. I have no engagements for the future, but contemplate engaging in the practice of the law; having the offer of a partnership with an Attorney eminent in the profession. LEWIS HANES."

THE INFAMOUS ELECTION LAW.

A Partisan Act of the Grand Den of North Carolina—Hatred of the Flag of the Union. This editorial from the Winston (N. C.) National Republican so vividly exhibits the odious features of the outrageous election law, of the ku klux Legislature, that we reiterate it entirely, and re-echo its comments:

"Of the many unjust, partisan acts passed by the Grand Den of North Carolina, which lately disgraced our legislative halls, none are more infamous and

outrageous than the election law. Section 7 is as follows: "No elector shall be entitled to register or vote in any other precinct or township than the one in which he is an actual and bona fide resident on the day of election and no certificate of registration shall be given."

The injustice which this section does to many working men and mechanics, can be very easily seen. In this immediate vicinity there is a very large number that are at work within three hundred yards of a polling place, though the place of the election of the township in which they reside is six or seven miles distant. The consequence is they must either not vote, or must lose two or three days from their labor in order to vote. There are doubtless hundreds of such instances, and the Grand Den knew of such, but the working men and mechanics are generally republicans and this flagrant injustice worked a partisan purpose.

Besides, there are numbers of townships in the State, in which there is a very few white Republicans. The colored voters, having been deprived by another section of this infamous act of the aid hitherto given them by ballots with old stars and stripes printed upon them, are to be made the victims of ku klux frauds and intimidation, unpermitted as they are to get certificates and to go to their friends. This is but another step in the grand scheme of injustice and party capital.

Section 11 says: "No registration shall be allowed on the day of election."

Heretofore under Republican rule, the working men, whom every day is of great importance to themselves and their families were allowed to register and vote at one and the same time. Now, under ku klux rule they must take a day for each. The difference herein is very perceptible and we dare say will be duly appreciated by the hard-fisted yeomanry of the country.

In section 16, it is said: "The ballots shall be on white paper, and may be printed or written, or partly written and partly printed and without device."

Let us repeat, "the ballots shall be on white paper, and without device." All will at once understand at whom the shaft is driven. In 1868 there were thousands of voters in North Carolina that voted for General Grant, with the U. S. flag printed upon their tickets as emblematic of their devotion to the Union, who have since voted with the democracy—it is a reflection upon them. There are thousands in the State who yet vote the Republican ticket, that desire to vote with the U. S. flag ballots, as expressive of their reverence for the glorious stars and stripes—it is a direct strike at these. There are yet thousands of another class—the colored voters—who, on account of the tyranny and slavery championship of these ku klux democrats, are ignorant and unlearned, and to whom the U. S. flag ballot was a sign of right and justice, in addition to its typical illustration of their veneration for the Government—it is a direct strike at these and a device by which they are to be cheated out of their votes.

To prove base inconsistency unmitigated hatred to the Stars and Stripes by ku klux democracy, we will refer to a time when they adopted a device to distinguish themselves from what they termed traitors. The truth of the reference will be well remembered by all—it was in 1864, when Holden and Vance were candidates for Governor; Vance, the Destructive, had his ballots on yellow paper, because Holden, the Peace candidate, had his on white paper as emblematic of his principles. In 1864, when the "Lost Cause" was in full blast, it was treason in the eyes of these ku klux, to vote with plain white ballots; and in 1872, when it is in deed and in truth expressive of treason to the Government to vote a plain white ticket this is the kind prescribed by ku klux law, and a Union man dare not print even the U. S. flag on his ballot!

Consistency, what a jewel thou art! Treason, how damnable thou art! Tyranny, how galling to a free people thou art! Hypocrites, traitors, tyrant! It is possible this infamous Grand Den, with its partisan corruption, usurpation and criminality, can evade the condemnation, or escape the just indignation of an outraged people?—Post.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

PREMATURE LOSS OF THE HAIR. may be entirely prevented by the use of Burnett's Coccaine. It has never failed to arrest decay, and to promote a healthy and vigorous growth. It is at the same time unrivaled as a dressing for the hair.

CAST THEM OUT.—If there any diseases which destroy the name, dandruff, itching, is one of them. It racks and tears the system like a scorching heat, and renders life a burden. The medicines of the dispensary will not expel it. Cast it out with "Dr. Walker's Vegetable Purifier Bitters." There is no form of indigestion or liver complaint that can withstand this potent tonic and alterative.

NO LADIES TOILET COMPLETE, unless there be the fragrant Soudozon—unto the breath sweet odors it imparts, the gums a ruby redness soon assumes, the teeth quick rival alabaster tint, and seem as pearls set in a coral vase.

\$50,000 WILL BE PAID for any Remedy which will cure Chronic Rheumatism, Pain in the Limbs, Neuralgia, Gout, Sprain Throat, Insect Stings, Croup, Dysentery, Colic, Spasms and Vomiting, quicker than Dr. Tobias' Vegetable Lintment, established in 1871. Never fails. Sold by the Druggists. Depot 10 Park Place, New York.

CARBOLIC SALVE, recommended by the leading Physicians and the President of the New York Board of Health, as the most wonderful Healing compound ever known. Gives instant relief to burns, cures all kinds of sores, cuts and wounds; and a most valuable salve for all purposes. Sold everywhere at 25 cents. John K. Henry, sole Proprietor, 8 College Place, New York.

SVAPRIA is Opium purified of its sickening and poisonous properties, discovered by Dr. E. J. Low, Professor of Botany, Detroit Medical College. A most perfect anodyne and soothing opiate. John Farr, Chemist, New York.

CHRISTODOR'S HAIR DYE is the safest and best. It corrects the bad effects of inferior dyes, while the black or brown tint it produces are identical to nature. Factory 65 Maiden Lane, New York.

PRATT'S ASTRAL OIL—Safest and best illuminating Oil ever made. Does not take fire or explode, if the lamp is upset or broken. Over 150,000 families continue to use it, and no accidents of any description have occurred from it. Oil House of Chas. Pratt, established 1770, New York.

THE PUREST and Sweetest Cast Liver Oil in the world. Hazard & Co.'s, made on the spot from fresh selected livers, by Cassell, Hazard & Co., New York. It is absolutely pure and sweet. Patients who have once taken it prefer it to all others. Physicians have decided it superior to any of the other oils in the market.

JOHN'S INODOROUS Kid Glove Cleaner restores soiled gloves equal to new. For sale by Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers.—Price 25 cents per bottle. F. C. Wells & Co., New York.

RISLEY'S PHILIPPO is an established, warranted remedy for Pains in the Stomach, and equally efficient as a Nervous Antidote in all cases of Nervous Excitement, Stomach and Sleeplessness in male or female. Sold everywhere for \$1.00 a bottle. Morgan & Kieley, Druggists, New York, General Agents.

A YOUTHFUL APPEARANCE and a Beautiful, Clear Complexion is the desire of everybody. This effect is produced by using Dr. W. Laird's "Bloom of Youth," a harmless beautifier of the skin. Will remove all Discoloration, Tan, Freckles and Sunburn. The use of this delightful toilet preparation can not be detected. For sale by all Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers, Depot, 5 Gold St., New York.

MRS. WINSTON'S SOOTHING SYRUP—It relieves the little sufferer from pain, cures Wind, Colic, Regulates the Stomach and Bowels, corrects Acidity, and during the process of teething it is invaluable. Perfectly safe in all cases, as millions of mothers can testify. [March]

What Dyspepsia May End In. Indigestion is not dangerous, say the faculty. Perhaps not in itself, while it remains mere indigestion; but look at the consequences to which it may lead, and often does lead when it becomes a chronic disease. A spark of fire is a small thing. A pressure of the foot will put it out; a breath will extinguish it. Yet it may fire a powder mill, or kindle a flame that will consume a city. In like manner indigestion may produce gastritis, cancer of the stomach, congestion of the bowels, apoplexy, liver disease, and many other dangerous maladies. Is it not wise, then, to check it in the germ? Nothing is more clearly and indisputably established than that Hostetter's Stomach Bitters will eradicate dyspepsia in all its stages. The true policy, however, is to extinguish it in the first stages with this wholesome, powerful, and infallible tonic and alterative. It is easier to quench a spark than a flame, and it is easier to cure dyspepsia when it is first developed, than when it has made headway by neglect, and become complicated with other ailments. There is not the shadow of a doubt that the Bitters are as directly antagonistic to dyspepsia as water is to fire. There are thousands of cases on record proving this fact. The remedy is safe and agreeable. All the liquors of commerce presented as stimulants, leave a sting behind. But the sting is taken out of the spirituous basis of this great remedy by vegetable medication, and, moreover, the stimulant thus medicated is of exceptional purity. Of all tonics taken as safeguards, or remedies for fever and ague, bilious remittents, and other epidemics, it is the only one that can uniformly be depended on. [March]

Manhood: How Lost, How Restored. Just published, a new edition of Dr. Culverwell's Celebrated Essay on the radical cure (without medicine) of Spermatorrhea, or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Seminal Losses, Impotency Mental and Physical Inactivity, Impediments to Marriage, etc.; also, Consumption, Emphysema, and Erys, induced by self-indulgence or sexual extravagance.

Price, in a sealed envelope, only 6 cents.

The celebrated author, in this admirable essay, clearly demonstrates from a thirty years' successful practice, that the alarming consequences of self-abuse may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicine or the application of the knife; certain and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately, and radically.

This Lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land. Sent, under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, postpaid on receipt of six cents or two post stamps.

Also, Dr. Culverwell's "Marriage Guide," price 25 cents.

Address the Publishers, CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO., 127 Bowery, N. Y., Post-office Box 4,556. 9-1

Doctor, said a lady, "I want you to prescribe for me." "There is nothing the matter, madam," said the doctor, after feeling her pulse; "you only need rest." "Now, doctor, just look at my tongue," she persisted. "Just look at it—just look at it. Now, say, what does that need?" "I think that needs rest, too," replied the doctor.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Great Chance for Agents. Do you want an agency, local or traveling, with an opportunity to make \$5 to \$20 a day selling our new "White Wire Clothes Lines"? They last forever; sample free. Send for Circular. Address at once Hudson River Wire Works, cor. Water St. and Maiden Lane, N. Y., or 340 W. Randolph St., Chicago, Ill.

Real Estate Dealers & Owners and all Southern Enterprises desirous of ATTRACTING

NORTHERN CAPITAL!

Should write, giving full particulars to GRIF-FIN & HOFFMAN, No. 4 South St., New York. Refer to Hon. Jefferson Davis, Memphis, Tenn.; Ex-Gov. M. L. Buckner, Edgefield, S. C.; Gen. P. M. B. Young, Camden, Ga.; Mr. Henry A. Schroeder, President Southern Bank, Mobile, Ala.; and W. R. Surley & Co., Bankers, Galveston, Texas, &c.

BURNHAM'S NEW TURBINE is in general use throughout the U. S. A six inch is used by the Government in the Patent Office, Washington, D. C. Its simplicity of construction and the power it transmits renders it the best water wheel ever invented. Pumping force. N. F. BURNHAM, York, Pa.

AGENTS WANTED FOR "JESUS" containing a full account of all his enterprises and assassinations. Biographies of Vanderbilt, Drew and other great and financial magnates. Great Frauds in the Tammany Ring. Brilliant pen pictures in the Lights & Shadows of New York Life. Josie Mansfield, the siren. How a beautiful woman captivated and ruined her victim. Life of Edward S. Stokes. Illustrated picture of over 500 pages. Send \$1.00 for month's secure territory at once. Circulars free. J. H. PUBLISHERS CO., Philadelphia, Pa. Chicago or Cincinnati.

THE PENN LETTER BOX For copying letters without Press or Ink, continues to grow in favor, wherever introduced, and thousands now using it as its wonderful merits. All praise its Simplicity and Convenience, and a public test of its years has fully established its genuineness and reliability. It has only to be properly shown to be appreciated by all business men. Price \$2.25 and upward. Address P. H. WETZ & CO., Philadelphia, Pa. Agents Wanted.

Wells' Carbolic Tablets. For Coughs, Colds and Hoarseness. These Tablets present the Acid in Combination with other efficient remedies, in a popular form for the cure of all throat and lung diseases. Hoarseness and Ulceration of the throat immediately relieved and statements are constantly being sent to the proprietor of real cases of throat difficulties of years standing.

CAUTION.—Don't be deceived by worthless imitations. Get only Wells' Carbolic Tablets. Price 25 cents per box. J. H. KELLOGG, 18 Platt St., N. Y., sole agent for the U. S. S. and for Circular. 17-18

OH, WOULD WERE I A CHILD AGAIN sighs the weary and exhausted one, as the laughter and lassitude of spring comes upon him. Come and receive vigor and strength from the wonderful South American Tonic.

JURUBEBA. Long and successfully used in its native country, as a Powerful Tonic, and Pure Purifier of the Blood, it is found even to exceed the anticipations founded on its great scientific periodicals of London and Paris possessors of the most powerful Tonic prepared known to Materia Medica.

DR. WELLS' EXTRACT OF JURUBEBA is a perfect remedy for all diseases of the BLOOD, ORGANIC WEAKNESS, Glanorous Tumors, Dropsy, Scrofula, Internal Abscesses, and will remove all obstructions of the Liver, Spleen, Intestines, Uterine and Urinary Organs.

It is strengthening and nourishing. Its nutritious food taken into the stomach, is assimilated and diffuses itself through the circulation, giving vigor and health.

It regulates the bowels, quiets the nerves, acts directly on the secretory organs, and its powerful Tonic and restoring effects produces healthy and vigorous action in the whole system.

JOHN Q. KELLOGG, 18 Platt St. New York, Sole Agent for the United States. Price One Dollar per Bottle. Send for Circular. 17-18

State of North Carolina Rutherford County.

SUPERIOR COURT—In Vacation. G. M. Biggerstaff, vs. Thos. S. Swezey.

Original Attachment. et al.

THOS. SWEZEY, defendant above named, you are hereby notified that in a case brought for damages, by the above named plaintiff, against the above named defendant, and others for the sum of four thousand dollars, a warrant of attachment has been issued on a hundred acres of land, more or less, lying on Hinton's Creek, joining lands of James Swezey, et al., as the property of Thomas Swezey.

Said attachment is made returnable at the Superior Court of Rutherford County, at the court house in Rutherford County, on the 4th Monday in March next, when and where you are notified to appear, plead, answer or demur to plaintiff's complaint, filed in said county, or judgment will be taken *confesso* as to you, and the lands condemned and ordered to be sold.

Witness: J. B. Carpenter, clerk of the Superior Court for Rutherford County, at the court house in Rutherford County, 28th October, 1871.

J. B. CARPENTER, C. C. S. C. M. Erwin, and Logan & Justice, Attys for Plaintiffs.

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THE ST

RUTHERFORDT

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RUTHERFORDTON, N. C.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY.

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1 col.	15.00	40.00	60.00	80.00	125.00

Special notices charged 50 per cent higher. Local notices 15 cents a line.

Agents procuring advertisements will be allowed a commission of 25 per cent.

See the advertisement of F. Huber, Boot and Shoe Maker, Asheville, N. C. Mr. Huber is well recommended, and warrants satisfaction to all who patronize him.

We are requested to state that J. B. Carpenter, chairman of the meeting held last Monday, will make out a list of five delegates to the State Convention in time for our next paper.

COURT WEEK.—The editors having been very busy during this week with Court matters &c., render this as their excuse for any shortcomings in this issue of the STAR.

COUNTY EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.—At a meeting of the chairman of the Township Executive Committees of this County, on Monday last, the County Executive Committee was organized by electing R. W. Logan, Esq., Chairman and A. J. Scoggin, Esq., Secretary.

We regret that we did not receive the communication from our Washington Correspondent, "Radical," in time to publish it this week. "Radical" gives some good hits, and we will give the people the benefit of them in our next.

MURDER.—York Lattimore and Jerry Thompson, were arrested and confined in jail on Thursday of this week charged with the murder of Samuel Martin. We do not know what the evidence will be against the parties, but learn that Sam was killed by Jerry, the latter having shot at Sam with a shot-gun, three shot taking effect which resulted in the death of Sam. All the parties are colored men.

REPUBLICAN MEETING.

RUTHERFORDTON, N. C.,
March 25th, 1872.

At a meeting of the republicans of Rutherford County, this day held in the Court House, in Rutherfordton.

On motion J. B. Carpenter, Esq., was called to the chair and J. H. Bradley, Esq., was requested to act as secretary.

On motion the chairman appointed R. W. Logan, Esq., H. H. Hopper, Esq., A. P. Hollifield, Esq., M. J. Harrill, Esq., and Richmond Scott, Esq., to prepare business for the meeting.

During the absence of the committee, the meeting was addressed by J. M. Allen, Esq., and J. M. Justice, Esq.

The committee reported and the meeting appointed as Delegates to attend the State Convention at Raleigh, on the 17th day of April next the following gentlemen:

Rutherfordton Township—J. M. Justice, Richmond Scott.
Green Hill Township—N. E. Walker, Jonathan Hampton.
Union Township—W. A. Blanton, M. Champion.

Sulphur Springs Township—C. J. Sparks, Benj. Snider.
High Shoals Township—H. H. Hopper, J. H. Carpenter.

Colfax Township—A. J. Scoggin, Wm. Smart.

Cool Springs Township—M. J. Harrill, S. Eaves.

Duncan's Creek Township—J. E. McFarland, W. G. Mode.

Golden Valley Township—E. Whisnant, Smith McCarry.

Logan's Store Township—J. B. Eaves, A. P. Hollifield.

Camp Creek Township—J. P. Allen, R. K. Wilson.

Morgan Township—M. L. Blankenship, J. W. Metcalf.

Chimney Rock Township—Wm. Flinn, George Payne.

On motion the name of the chairman was added to the list of delegates.

On motion the chairman was requested to appoint five delegates for the county at large.

On motion the Star was requested to publish the proceedings of this meeting.

On motion the meeting adjourned.

J. B. CARPENTER, Chm.
J. H. BRADLEY, Sec.

REPUBLICAN MEETING.

At a meeting of the Republicans of Colfax Township, on motion A. J. Scoggin was called to the chair, and Isaac Hollifield, was requested to act as Secretary.

On motion of Jesse Dobbins, A. J. Scoggin explained the object of the meeting.

The meeting then proceeded to appoint A. J. Scoggin, Wm. Smart, James Nowlen, John Davis and Wm. Scoggin, Township executive committee.

The committee organized by electing A. J. Scoggin, chairman. The following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That we heartily endorse the administration of President Grant, and in our opinion he should be our standard bearer in the coming presidential campaign.

Resolved, That Judge Logan is a true, and tried Republican, is our choice for Governor in the approaching election.

Resolved, That none but true republicans should be nominated to fill the different offices in the coming election, and the people instead of the office holders should make the nominations.

On motion the meeting adjourned.

A. J. SCOGGIN, Chm.
ISAAC HOLLIFIELD, Sec.

"WHORE" FOR SALE.

We noticed at the time that it was published in the Raleigh *Sentinel*, afterwards copied into the Salisbury *Examiner*, with approving comments, an article with the above heading, intimating, if not charging that if "two old whig papers, west of Raleigh," could not be purchased, in that case the Republicans would start an "independent paper at Raleigh." We do not know what "old whig papers, west of Raleigh," are referred to, but if the American is one of them, then we pronounce the authors of these articles *falsifiers of truth!* To our surprise, we see these calumnious articles, copied into the Salisbury *Watchman*, a paper that, hitherto we had considered above such unfriendliness towards any old whig papers and their well-known Editors for honorable principle in the State; for we do not believe that there is an old whig Editor in the State whether he will now support Grant, or choose some other person for President, but is as honest, honorable, and as worthy of public confidence as when he followed the lead of the *Sentinel* and kindred sheets.

As to the American, we will say that, we have not "sold out," but we have received flattering bids from more than two Democratic office seekers, to "sell out" to each of them but refused for the reason that the American is not for sale to any man or party—but will support whom it please for office.

Such an attempt at *Ku Kluxing* and intimidation, for a difference in opinion upon public measures and the rights of individuals, is not very creditable to the men or party that do it, and cannot receive the sanction of proper thinking men. This the strongest evidence on the part of the leaders of the so-called Democratic party, that freedom of thought and action is to be suppressed; that men are not to be allowed to think and act for themselves, at the hazard of being calumniated and charged

with selling their principles. Did the Old Line Whigs and Democrats sell themselves to secession, when they have voted for a candidate of that stripe? If they did, what was the price paid? They know what they got!—We well know what they feel when the blood mounts to the cheeks, and indignation at so foul an imputation, flashes from the eyes of these genuine lovers of Union and political honesty, educated in the schools of HENRY CLAY and Andrew Jackson.

When the American has co-operated with the leaders of any party, we made no sale or transfer to them of our principles, but claimed the privilege to sever the alliance at any time. This, we take it, is likewise the line of conduct which every old Whig and Democrat in the State claims the right to pursue, if they shall deem proper. And who will dare sit in judgment upon them for so doing? Do the people belong to the politicians, that they shall not think, act and vote as they like? If they do, we have never seen the bill of sale, by which the people have voluntarily deprived themselves of their liberties and we pray God we never may behold the parchment, with its red lines and broad seal—for it will be written in blood!

To pursue this subject a little further: If the old Whigs and old Democrats, which the leaders of the present so-called Democratic party of the State claim to control, are to be transferred to some other party, will they not like to have a voice in the matter, and learn the terms upon which they are to be so transferred? The new Democratic party of the State have no nationality, and must look to some other faction or fraction of a party, North to even obtain a respectable minority by alliance; in doing which, it is reasonable to suppose that they will be required to surrender a portion, at least, of their Southern principles, and accept such terms as may be proposed to them. Will the old Whigs and Democrats be willing to be thus dealt by? or will they not rather choose for themselves their party allies? This freedom of choice lies at the very bottom of civil liberty, and is as antagonistic to party tyranny as anything can be. It is useless for men to talk against tyranny, while they are endeavoring to rivet the adamant shackles of party upon the minds of the people, and appeal to prejudice and passion to secure the manacles as with bolts of steel.

The only "sale" that we have made is a press type, and some materials to Col. Chas. R. Jones, who proposes to begin the publication of another journal in Statesville, and which for a while will be printed in the American office, but whether in the interest of the Republicans or Democrats, we do not know, and will leave the paper to speak for itself. If Col. Jones desires to publish a Democratic paper, or any other stripe, it is his right; and no Republican will object, so far as we know.

A WORD OF ADVICE.

The attempt to create a third party, is nothing but a Democratic dodge to add a little additional strength to that old political fossil—the Democratic party. A few well meaning Republicans may feel inclined to bolt the ticket if President Grant should be renominated. They may be deceived into the belief that this is the best way to remedy the wrongs they complain of. If they will reflect a moment on the fatal consequences which must surely follow the defeat of the Republican party, they will abandon this third party movement, as they would a movement emanating from the Democratic party itself. Admitting, for the sake of argument, that enough Republicans could be found to so weaken the party by withdrawing from it, as to cause its defeat; who are the victors? Not the so-called "liberal republicans," for they form, at the largest estimate, but a small fraction of the two great parties. The conclusion inevitable—the victory belongs to the Democrats, thrown into their hands by the disaffected Republicans. Are these gentlemen prepared to shoulder the disastrous effects which will follow such a victory? If they have been entertaining a belief that a ticket elected under the name of "liberal republican," will be, fact, Republican, let them banish this delusion at once.

When Douglas and his school of Democrats left the Democratic party, the victory was won by the Republicans, and the leading members of the Douglas ring were soon found active workers in the Republican party.—The larger body, naturally absorbed the smaller; so it would be, if the disaffected Republicans should set up for themselves. If the Republicans were defeated, the administration of the government would be controlled by the majority of

the opposition element. It has always been so in the past: it will be repeated in the future. It is as local as cause and effect, as positive as the laws of attraction. It would be well for every member of the Republican party to think of this, and to frown down every attempt, come from what source it may, to alienate them from the great party that has done so much to preserve the liberties, and to build up the glory of our nation. When the welfare of the Republic is at stake, every good citizen should bury personalities, and act only for the public good. There may be some faults in our party, but they would not be worth mentioning beside the faults of a Democratic administration. Four years of Democratic power would destroy our national credit, involve us in a hopeless debt, paralyze our national industries, and destroy forever the loyal element, which is to-day working out the salvation of the South.

SIGNS OF THE TIMES.

From all parts of the State, we received the most gratifying assurances of success of the Republican party in the coming campaign. Our last general election was held two years ago and resulted in our defeat. The reason of that defeat is now apparent to all. The Ku Klux by their bloody deeds intimidated the weak and defenceless Republicans and kept them from the polls. Now, however, thanks to a loyal Congress, and a fearless President, Republicans have no fears of Ku Klux and will go to the polls and vote their honest sentiments, and roll up a vote which the Ku Klux Democracy will long remember.

We can call to mind at least four members of the Legislature, elected as Democrats or independents, who have come out openly and boldly for Republican principles; Jacob T. Brown, Esq., of Davidson, Jonathan Harris, of Guilford, John L. Chamberlain, Esq., of Camden, and Dr. J. M. Carson, of Alexander, all men of character and intelligence. They have abandoned the sinking ship of Democracy and enlisted under the Republican banner.

Besides, the people of Randolph who, at the election in 1870, sent S. F. Tomlinson, a Democrat, to the general Assembly, on his resignation last summer sent an undoubted Republican in his stead. The people of Richmond and Moore also, who sent a Democratic Senator in 1870, sent a thorough Republican in 1871, as his successor.

The *Statesville American*, which has heretofore labored faithfully for the Democracy, now abandons that organization and takes its stand on the side of Republicanism, law and order. Its editors are among the ablest of the profession in the State, are men of character, and their action will have great influence on the sentiment of Ireland and adjoining counties.

We have intelligence almost daily of valuable accessions to our ranks, but we hear of no defections. The Republican skies are bright, and our friends are girding on their armor, confident of a brilliant victory in August.—Era.

THE OUTLAWS.

The Wilmington *Star*, of the 26th, chronicles the arrival in that city on Monday last of A. B. Henderson, the *capitane* correspondent of the New York *Herald*, who has at last succeeded in affecting his escape from the outlaws, and is now winding his flight Northwards, to "ponr out his vials of his wrath" in the columns of the great "thunderer," Henderson kept very close to his hotel, and was exceedingly reticent in regard to events in scuffle town. He had a double-barrel gun in his possession, and his appearance indicated that he had seen some rough experience in the woods and swamps of Robeson. He left on the 5:45 train for the North.

Passengers on the Charlotte road report that, whatever may be said to the contrary, there is a settled conviction among the people of Robeson that Henry Berry Lowrey and Boss Strong are both dead. It is further stated that a physician who practices among the denizens of scuffle town, and who is pretty well posted in the affairs of the outlaws, says that he saw the dead body of the noted outlaw chief after he had accidentally shot himself. A further confirmation of this fact is had in the statement of Henderson, which was made to a gentleman on the train yesterday, that the children of Henry Berry, three in number, had been apportioned among the relatives; Patrick Lowrey, a brother of the outlaw, taking the oldest, and his mother the two youngest.

Stephen Lowrey and Andrew Strong accompanied Henderson to Moss Neck, and told him at parting not to come back there any more.—Era.

Anna Story was recently married to Robert Short. A very pleasant way of making a Story Short.

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CARD.

Again thanking a generous public for the very liberal share of their trade, accorded us the past year, we take this method of informing it (and the wholesale buyers in particular) that our

SPRING STOCK

Is now coming in, and when complete (which will be about the 10th of March,) will be as usual, the largest, best selected, and comprise the greatest variety than that of any House in Western North Carolina.

Our Mr. RINTELS left on the 11th of this month, for the following markets: Baltimore, Philadelphia, Reading, New York, Brooklyn, Lynn and Boston, to make our purchases from first hands, the benefit of which we give our customers.

And as it is dangerous for small buyers who can sell a limited amount of goods only, to go North, especially for the Summer trade, we respectfully invite them to look at our new Stock, feeling assured that we can and will make it to their interest to buy of us this Spring.

Respectfully,

WITTKOWSKY & RINTELS.

We have also added a large and elegant lot of CARPETS to our stock.

Revenue Sale.

WILL SELL AT AUCTION, TO THE highest bidder, on the 13th day of March, A. D. 1872, the following named property seized by me for taxes due the United States, viz: One tract of land belonging to the heirs of Gorman Mills, dec'd, known now as the J. Columbus Mills place, lying on Vaughn's creek, waters of Packett River, Polk county, N. C., adjoining lands of Newman C. Mills and George Williams. The above property will be sold at Columbus, Polk county, N. C., for cash, without reserve. PINKNEY ROLLINS, Collector 5th District N. C. Per W. H. DEAYEN, Deputy Coll. February 20th, 1872— 14—td

Valuable Land for Sale.

BY virtue of a decree of the Probate Court of Rutherford County, I will expose to public sale to the highest bidder, at the court house in Rutherfordton, on Monday the 25th day of March next, all that valuable tract of land lying on the waters of 24 Broad River, containing about 150 acres and known as the James Morrow land, and sold for division between the heirs of said James Morrow, dec'd.

Terms of sale—12 months credit will be given the purchaser, except for costs and charges, which will be required on day of sale, the purchaser to give bond and approved security. J. W. GREEN, Com'r. 14—td

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LYNCH & HUFFMASTER.

19-1y

A New York paper of considerable influence, and which is in opposition to the Administration, unwittingly makes a good point in favor of the re-nomination and re-election of President Grant, when it says "it is marvelous that the American people, who exhibit so much shrewdness and practical good sense in other things, should, in the matter of civil administration, so persistently close their eyes to the advantage of applying to it the same principles upon which they conduct their private business. What merchant or broker turns away a faithful employee every four years simply to gratify a predilection for change? Ask Mr. Stewart or Mr. Claflin or Mr. Astor what they think of it, and see what they would say."

The only mistake in the above is the assumption that the people now desire a change of administration. The politicians, the restless, uneasy, ambitious politicians, who have not themselves been appointed to office, or whose friends have not been quartered upon the public, are anxious for a change, but the people are not. They take no interest whatever in the personal contest of these designing people; they only feel that President Grant has been a faithful servant; that he has done his whole duty; that, as Mr. Greeley says, he is better calculated to make a better President now than he was in 1868. And it is for that very reason that an almost unanimous cry comes up from the people for his re-nomination.

LIBERAL REPUBLICANS.—Who are they? Renegade Republicans. What are they? Discomfited politicians and ambitious demagogues. How many are they? Their name is not legion. From whence came they? From the bosom of the Republican party, which has given them all the offices they have ever held, as well as all the prominence. What are their principles? Office. As long as they were content with the positions which their worth and intelligence merited, all was well. But when their ambition prompted them to aspire beyond their merit, the Republican party spurned the arrogance, and now, mere ambitious demagogues, thirsting for place and power, they throw themselves into the arms of Democracy. And foolish wise men they hope to get that from their life-long enemies which they could not procure from those with whom they have always acted in concert.—*National Republican.*

WISE OR OTHERWISE.

COURTSHIP AND MARRIAGE.

The celebrated Dr. Doddridge once wrote thus to a lady, whom he afterwards married: "You have made a greater advance upon my heart in a few hours than I intended to have allowed you in as many weeks; indeed, you have possessed yourself of so much room in it, that, unless you consent to be a tenant for life, our parting will be exceedingly troublesome, and it will be a long time before I shall get it into repair again."

It is related of a certain New England postor who flourished some time ago, and whose matrimonial relations are supposed not to have been of the most agreeable kind, that one sabbath morning, while reading to his congregation the parable of the supper, which occurs in Luke xvi, he noted his passage: "And another said I have bought five yokes of oxen, and I go to prove them; I pray thee have me excuse; and another said I have married a wife, and therefore I cannot come;" he suddenly paused with emphasis. "The fact is, my brethren, a woman can draw a man farther from the kingdom of heaven than five yokes of oxen."

An Irishman, being invited by a deacon to accompany him to church, complied with great alacrity. His pious friend seated Pat in his pew, and with pious visage and austere aspect, awaited the commencement of the services. Pat looked about him, and observing none of the paraphernalia belonging to his peculiar mode of worship, whispered inquiringly of the deacon:

"Is this a heretic church?"

"Be still, my good man, don't disturb the meeting," replied the urbane but severe minister.

"Faith, an' I'll do that same."

Presently the elder commenced his prayer, which so excited the deacon that he shouted in the fervor of his heart, "Glory to God!"

"How'd yer wisht," cried the indignant Celt.

The worthy preacher stopped, and looked around for the cause of his disturbance. Seeing no one, he began again.

Suddenly the deacon cried out "Amen."

"Will ye be quiet, ye thafe of the world, and not be disturbing the

people?" giving him a dig in the ribs.

The minister again stopped, and requested some one to remove the profane intruder.

"Bedad, an' I will," suiting the action to the word, he collared the offending but innocent worshipper, and pitched him out of the vestibule. Returning with considerable pride, he addressed the minister:

"There, plaze yer reverence, I've put the blackguard ont, bad cess to him."

We once heard a story of some negroes that had mastered the Irish brogue, and played a trick on a boat load of emigrants who were so eager to set foot on the soil of the New World, that they left the boat before their companions.

"An' are yees, just over, boys?" said a jet black African, in the richest possible brogue, and with warmest interest as he bent over the warf where he and his comrades were working.

The strangers regarded him with a look of mingled astonishment and terror, while one of them found breath to inquire: "An' how is it that ye's are black?"

"It's the climate, boys; it's all in the climate," was the answer.

"An' how long did it take to make ye this color?"

"Three years, an' niver a bit longer."

"Thin, bedad, boys," said Padgy to his countrymen, "let's go back; it's too soon to be divils intirely."

"Do you want to buy any berries to-day?" said a poor little boy to me one afternoon.

I looked at the little fellow and saw that he was poorly dressed. In his hand he held a large basket full of ripe raspberries.

"Why don't you come in and see if I measure your berries rightly?" said I. "How do you know but I may cheat you, and take more than I agreed for?"

The boy looked up at me and smiled. "I am not afraid," said he, "for you would get the worst of it, ma'am." "Get the worst of it?" I said. "What do you mean?"

"Why, ma'am, I should only lose my berries, but you would be stealing. Don't you think that would be the worst for you?"

Let us think of this when we are tempted in any way to cheat another. How often do we hear persons pity any one who has had his property stolen from him. Yet, though a man lose all, and keeps honest, he is rich indeed compared with the man who has robbed him.—*Winning Words.*

The St. Louis Times gives the following specimen of poetry. The writer evidently "means business" and has "gone in on his nerve."

I stood upon the ocean's briny shore, And with a fragile reed I wrote Upon the sand—

"Agnes! I love thee!" The wild waves rolled by and blotted out The fair impressions.

Frail reed! cruel wave! treacherous sand I'll trust ye no more;

But with giant hand I'll pluck From Norway's frozen shore Her tallest pine, and dip its top Into the crater of Vesuvius.

And upon the high and burnished heavens I'll write—

"Agnes! I love thee!" And I would like to see any Doggoned wave wash that out.

Guest—"How comes this dead fly in my soup?" Waiter—"In fact, sir, I have no positive idea how the poor thing came to its death. Perhaps it had not taken any food for a long time, bashed upon the soup, ate too much of it, contracted an inflammation of the stomach that brought on death. The fly must have a weak constitution, for when I served the soup it was dancing merrily upon the surface. Perhaps—and the idea presented itself only at this moment—it endeavored to swallow too large a piece of vegetable, this remaining fast in his throat, caused a choking in the windpipe. This is the only reason I can give for the death of the insect."

Grace Greenwood, in her lecture on "The Heroic in Common Life," tells a story of the wife of a member of the Arizona Legislature, whose house when her husband was absent on his legislative duties was attacked by Indians. She shot six, and the next day wrote to her husband: "Dear John, the Apaches attacked the ranche. I have won the fight. You need not come yourself, but send some more ammunition."

The most agreeable of all companions is a simple, frank man, without any high pretensions to an oppressive greatness; one who loves life and understands the use of it; obliging alike at all hours; above all, of a golden temper, and steadfast as an anchor. For such a one we gladly exchange the greatest genius, the most brilliant wit, the profoundest thinker.

Anna story was recently married to Robert Short. A very pleasant way of making a Story Short.

A Man in Indiana wants a divorce because his wife swears at him and sets him on a hot stove when he don't behave.

A New Bedford paper knows of a pointer that came to a dead stop the other day before a door-plate inscribed "A Partridge."

No one ever did a designed injury to another without at the same time inflicting a much greater one upon himself.

A aged colored woman has just died in Virginia, who cooked corn dodgers for Washington at the surrender of Cornwallis, at Yorktown.

The characteristic of true prayer are, first, sincere asking; second, earnest seeking after what we ask; third, perseverance in asking and seeking.

In Iowa a man advertised his wife as "leaving his bed and board," and then applied to her for a loan of a dollar and a half to pay for the advertisement.

A Man is said to be absent-minded when he thinks he has left his watch at home, and takes it out of his pocket to see if he has got time to return home to get it.

A sailor looking serious in a chapel, was asked by the clergyman if he felt any change, whereupon the tar put his hand into his pocket, and replied that he "hadn't got a cent."

A Philosopher says: "If you want a pair of boots to last four years, melt and mix four ounces of mutton tallow, apply while warm, place the boots in a closet, and go barefoot."

The pains of a noble soul are like the May frosts of a life—a spring follows them. The pains of the wicked are the frost of Autumn—they precede the punishment of winter.

A Chinese maxim says: "We require four things of woman—that virtue dwell in her heart; that sweetness flow from her lips; that industry occupy her hands."

It is said that a human being cannot possibly stand a temperature hotter than 122 degrees Fahrenheit. Think of that and pause, ye who are hastening to the country where there are no palm-leaf fans or linen dusters.

An assistant marshal at Louisville, in taking the census, asked a colored woman what personal property she possessed, and received the sober reply: "Nothing but dese three children yere, and they aint wuth much."

An able man will arrange his interests and conduct each in its proper order. Our greediness often hurts us, in making us prosecute too many things at once; by earnestly desiring the less considerable, we lose the more important.

"Jenny," said a landlady to her help, the other morning, "Jenny was there any fire in the kitchen last night, while you were sitting up?" "Only just a spark, ma'am," was the reply. The landlady looked suspiciously at Jenny, but the innocent girl went on scrubbing and humming "Katy Darling."

A little girl who loves to pray, one night was very tired and sleepy, and was getting into her little bed without saying her prayers. But her mother told her to kneel down first and pray. So she folded her little hands and said: "Please God, remember what little Polly said last night, she's so tired to-night. Amen."

Doctor, said a lady, "I want you to prescribe for me." "There is nothing the matter, madam," said the doctor, after feeling her pulse; "you only need rest." "Now, doctor, just look at my tongue," she persisted. "Just look at it—just look at it. Now, say, what does that need?" "I think that needs rest, too," replied the doctor.

A Few days since a little ragged urchin was sent by a tradesman to collect a bill. He began in the usual way, but becoming more and more importunate, at length the gentleman's patience being exhausted, he said to him: "You need not dun me so sharply: I am not going to run away." "I don't suppose you are," said the boy, scratching his head; but my master is, and he wants the money.

The most agreeable of all companions is a simple, frank man, without any high pretensions to an oppressive greatness; one who loves life and understands the use of it; obliging alike at all hours; above all, of a golden temper, and steadfast as an anchor. For such a one we gladly exchange the greatest genius, the most brilliant wit, the profoundest thinker.

An Ohio editor who was crowded in the Nilsson jam at Cincinnati, truthfully writhes: "I thought my wife had the sharpest knees in Ohio, but she ain't a circumstance to these Cincinnati girls. One of them pushed her knee against my legs, and it feels as if I'd been vaccinated."

Three little boys were disputing as to whose father said the shortest grace. "My father says, 'Lord, we thank you for these provisions,'" Second boy—"And mine says, 'Father, bless this food to us,'" Third boy—"Ah, but mine's the best of all, he shoves his plate toward mamma, and says, 'Darn you, fill up.'"

Parson—"What is a miracle?" Boy—"Dunno."

Parson—"Well, if the sun were to shine in the middle of the night, what would you say it was?"

Boy—"The moon."

Parson—"But if you were told it was the sun, what would you say it was?"

Boy—"A lie."

Parson—"I don't tell lies. Suppose I told you it was the sun: what would you say then?"

Boy—"That you wasn't sober!"

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I DESIRE to inform the public, that I have opened a Barber Shop and Oyster Saloon next door north of Hawkins' Bar Room, where I will be pleased to serve all who may desire a clean shave, or a nice plate of oysters, as cheap as can be afforded. no14-4f ED. WILLIAMS.

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CURES THE WORST PAINS

In from One to Twenty Minutes. No

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RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

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application.

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no matter how violent or excruciating

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Twenty drops in half a tumbler of

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